

**Year- 2021-22**  
**Shastri 1<sup>st</sup> Year, 2<sup>nd</sup> Semester**  
**Subject- Political Science, Paper – 7<sup>th</sup>**

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**Time- 3½ hours**

**Marks- 70**

**Instruction:** Each line should contain ten (10) words and each page should contain eight (8) lines. Answer the questions according to the instructions given to each unit separately. Marks allotted to each unit are indicated on the right hand margin.

**Unit-A**

**Note: All the questions are compulsory. Each question carries 1 mark.**  
**Answer each in about 2 lines.**

**15**

1. Give one major achievement of Raja Ram Mohan Roy? Name his social organization.
2. Who wrote 'Hind Swaraj'? Who was the grand old man of Indian Nationalism?
3. Name the founder of the Ramakrishna mission. What is the organization of Swami Dayanand?
4. Which revolutionary freedom fighter threw a bomb at the central assembly as a protest against unjust British laws?
5. What was the famous slogan given by Bal Gangadhar Tilak?
6. Who presided over the first session of the Indian National Congress at Bombay? Name its founder.
7. Mention one moderate leader and extremist leader of the INC. When did the surat split happen?
8. Which viceroy announced & enforced the partition of Bengal and in which year?
9. Name the first martyr of the revolt of 1857. Rani Lakshmi Bai was the queen of which princely state?
10. What was the immediate cause of the uprising of 1857?
11. State any two movements started by Gandhi Ji during the freedom struggle.
12. Which leader become the supreme commander of the Azad Hind Fauz? Where was India's Tri color flag first hoisted by the I.N.A soldiers.
13. Name one leader of the Ghadar movement against British rule. What is the full form of Lal, Bal, Pal?
14. When and which place did Congress under Jawahar Lal Nehru declare Poorna Swaraj as its goal.

15. What was the slogan of the quit India movement? Name the last British Viceroy of India who stated in office for some time even after independence.

### Unit- B

**Note: Answer any 5 questions within 6 lines. Each question carries 3 marks.**

**15**

16. Briefly outline the methods of struggle of the early nationalist / moderates in the Indian National congress?
17. The partition of Bengal in 1905 sparked the fire of Indian national struggle for independence? In this respect, briefly illustrate the causes of the partition of Bengal.
18. Highlight briefly the failure of the Swadeshi & boycott movement in the beginning of 20<sup>th</sup> century?
19. The non-cooperation movement marked the first political upheaval of Gandhi Ji. In this context elucidate briefly the failure of the non-cooperation movement?
20. The Jallianwala Bagh massacre set the limit of Indians hatred against the tyranny of the British rule. Considering this, briefly explain the Jallianwala Bagh massacre?
21. The Kakori conspiracy case was a stimulator for the revolutionary terrorist movement in India. Briefly justify the statement.
22. The INA established the first government of India outside the country's borders. In light of this, briefly mention the contribution of I.N.A in liberating Indian territories for some time.

### Unit- C

**Note: Answer any 5 questions within 2 pages. Each question carries 6 marks.**

**30**

23. The revolutionary nationalists opened a new chapter in involvement of the youths in vigorous freedom struggle. On basic of this elucidate the contribution of the revolutionary nationalists in India's struggle for freedom.
24. The extremist marked the second phase of the national movement under INC. in view of this illustrate the conditions and also contribution of extremist nationalism in the struggle.
25. Gandhi ji brought the masses to the forefront of national movement in India. In reference to this, elaborate the political movement of Mahatma Gandhi in the INC?
26. Jallianwala Bagh tragedy and Lala Lajpat Rai's killing ignited the minds of revolutionaries in Punjab to revenge the the killings by Dyer.

Considering this, delineate the contribution of Bhagat Singh & Udham Singh in the national movement?

27. The home rule league of Tilak and Besant was a vigorous chapter in the Swadeshi and Swaraj movement. In view of this, explain the contribution of home rule league movement.
28. The Lucknow pact and Khilafat movement were hallmarks of Hindu, Muslim unity towards the freedom struggle. In this sense discuss in detail the contribution of these movements in Hindu Muslim unity.
29. Netaji Subhash Bose's INA put the freedom movement on a war footing. Delineate the contribution of Subhash Chandra Bose and the Indian National Army in the freedom struggle?

#### **Unit- D**

**Note: Answer any one question in 5 pages. It carries ten marks. 10**

30. The Quit India movement was a final struggle till the finish that shook the British rule. In view of this evaluate in detail the circumstance, major events & consequences of the quit India movement.
31. The young revolutionaries starting from Surya Sen to Bhagat Singh and Azad brought youths to the horizon of freedom struggle? In this sense, assess the contribution of the revolutionaries in the national movement?
32. The Indian national movement is filled with heroes from Tilak and Gandhi to Patel and Subhash, each with their uniqueness. Through this statement, elucidate how the INA contributed to the freedom movement of India from colonial rule.

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